

Rights Organization Tem 1

The Qashqais have faced widespread political, economic, and cultural discrimination under both the Pahlavi and Islamic republic of Iran . The political agenda aims to prevent influential Qashqais from attaining political positions, using accusations such as ethnic bias to hinder their political participation.

Economically, the iranian government's exploits the geographical underground resources of the Qashqai regions, refraining from investing in Qashqai-inhabited areas and sometimes forcibly seizing Qashqai lands. Culturally, the authorities officially and unofficially supports discriminatory policies, limiting Qashqai cultural activists' access to public media, hindering budget allocation for cultural activities like museums, and distorting Qashqai history.

The islamic republic of Iran puts pressure on Qashqai civil activists, threatening, summoning, and imprisoning them to enforce silence and inaction. Individuals like Abolfazl Karami Kashkoli have been detained without valid reasons. In the past year, the regime has killed and detained several Qashqais, fabricating legal cases against them, which can be documented if necessary.

The iranian government vigorously enforces assimilation policies, attempting to erase the historical name of the Qashqai people from public discourse, replacing it with the term "nomads." They extends these discriminatory policies not only to the Qashqais but also to other southern Iranian tribes (Baharlou, Inanlou, and Nefar) and some other minorities like Arabs and Lurs, silencing their voices in the country's media and marginalizing them.

We call on the UN Human Rights Council to investigate these instances and pressure the Islamic Republic of Iran to address and eliminate multiple discriminations. Thank you.