

Speaker: Ladies and Gentlemen. Despite the complexity of issues and sometimes the opposition of some member states, the United Nations included an article in their international conference on civil and political rights of 1956. Article number 27. Which in parallel led to the formulation and approval of the declaration on the rights of persons belonging to national or ethnic, or religious or linguistic minorities. Unfortunately some governments use their right of reservation when approving international documents. In fact, they put their domestic laws first and interpret the concepts of a human right declared in international documents as they understand them. And in this interpretation, public order and their national security are considered. The performance of these countries has caused other countries to show their adherence to international law in various ways, often by guaranteeing minimum rights to minorities. They continued to discriminate in hidden ways and to establish laws that actually inhibited the minorities and applied indirect discrimination. So the solution should be explained in order to prevent violations of regulations. And dealing with religious minorities to take effective measures, so as to use the conflict and confrontation with international human rights assemblies. Thank you.