Statements

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Name: Ren Tianxing

NGO: Gansu UNESCO Association

All countries should and must respect the basic human rights of minorities, such

as the right to life, food security, medical safety, and the right to education.

Each country has its own history, culture and traditions, and the level of

development varies greatly from country to country. Therefore, the causes of

minority conflicts are diverse. Some conflicts are caused by history, some by

culture, some by religion, and some are deliberately created for political

purposes or ideological differences. In general, the root causes of these conflicts

are complex and intertwined. Resolving these issues will take time and wisdom.

We should find ways to resolve conflicts and mitigate them, rather than

deliberately creating minority problems. Some false conflicts based on lies and

inaccuracies, fabricated to achieve certain political purposes, have increasingly

become a new source of minority conflicts today, and we must pay attention to

and be vigilant about this.

I was born in Lanzhou City, Gansu Province, PRC. In this city of 400 million people,

there are 36 ethnic minorities, including Han, Hui, Mongolian, and Zhuang, living

here. Whether at school or at work, people of different ethnic groups live

together in great friendship and harmony. All ethnic groups are treated equally,

and the government has various special treatments for ethnic minorities compared to Han Chinese. There is mutual respect and understanding among all ethnic groups.